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Dear Parent:

Welcome to Project STAR! Your child is participating in Project STAR, Students Taught Awareness and Resistance. Project STAR is a middle school drug prevention program that focuses on teaching skills such as peer pressure resistance, effective communication, and healthy decision-making.

The skills your child learns as part of Project STAR will help him/her cope with tough decisions and choices all children must eventually make. The activities in this workbook are intended for you and your child to do together. The assignments reinforce the messages your child has been learning in school. These homework assignments will give you the opportunity to discuss your views about drug use with your child. Parents who have completed these assignments with their children report that communication with their children has greatly improved.

When you and your child finish an assignment, please sign the page, detach it, and have your child return it to class. If at any time you want to keep your responses to an assignment private, you may keep the assignment page at home. Instead of returning the assignment to class, simply send a note to the teacher explaining that you and your child completed the assignment.

We hope that you enjoy working with your child on these activities. Your involvement and attention are very important and will make a difference to your child.

Best wishes for a wonderful school year!

Sincerely,	
Jonathan Bennett - Project STAR Staff	Health Teacher

CONSEQUENCES OF USING DRUGS

What happens when people practice good health habits and what happens when they don't? Today your child learned that most of the consequences of using drugs are negative, while most of the consequences of staying away from drugs are positive.

Health habits have not only health consequences, but also social consequences. For example, your child considered some of the following questions:

- * What could happen if I were caught taking drugs or drinking alcohol?
- ★ Would I want to spend the money I might have spent on cigarettes in another way?
- ★ What would my family or friends think of me if I practiced bad health habits?

Through these types of questions, your child can better consider the possible consequences of drug use in his or her daily life.

The exercise on page 3 will give you a chance to tell your son or daughter in your own words the most important reasons you have for not wanting him or her to use drugs. Turn to the exercise sheet PARENT INTERVIEW: CONSEQUENCES OF USING DRUGS. When you and your child finish the exercise, sign it, detach the page, and have your child return it to class.

*	*
^	* *
	Name
	Period
	Date
PAREI	NT INTERVIEW:
CONSEQUEN	NCES OF USING DRUGS
rovided. Then, for Part B, ask your he space provided.	tions below and write <u>his or her</u> answers in the space self the questions on page 4, and write <u>your</u> answers in
ART A: PARENT INTERVIEW . If you caught me using drugs, who	at would the consequences he?
. What would the consequences be	if I came home drunk?
3. What do you think are some of the person my age who uses drugs?	e most common consequences that can happen to a
	t important benefits to me of not using drugs?
	Parent Signature
	3
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* PART B: STUDENT RESPONSES Directions: Picture yourself as a non-user. Think about how you get along with your family and fr Now, let's say you began using drugs. How would this change how you get along with y family and friends? Complete each statement below.	rien
Picture yourself as a non-user. Think about how you get along with your family and fr Now, let's say you began using drugs. How would this change how you get along with y	
If I began using drugs such as alcohol, tobacco or marijuana, this is how it might char	nge.
1 how I get along with my family:	
2 how I get along with my friends:	
3 how I do at school:	
4 how I think of myself:	
5 my health (think of the short-term consequences):	
★4 Project STAR Parent/Student Workbook Part I, Copyright ©1999, 1984 by USC	•

RESISTING PEER PRESSURE

Your child learned ways to say "no" to drug offers today. On the next page, you will find a list of eight techniques to say "no." Perhaps you and your child will think of additional techniques as you complete the homework exercise.

This exercise lets your child review and practice these techniques. In this way, your child can become more comfortable turning down pressure to use drugs. It also gives you a chance to show him or her that adults say "no" in many of the same ways that students do.

As you complete this activity, you may also want to discuss your own experiences with social pressures to conform. Your own childhood and adolescence were probably full of lessons that you can relate to your child to help him or her feel more comfortable in saying "no" to unwanted pressures.

Turn to the exercise sheet RESISTING PEER PRESSURE. When you and your child finish the exercise, sign it, detach the page, and have your child return it to class.



TE	CLIN	ITOI	IEC	TO	SAV	"NO"
	CHI	1LOL	/EJ	$I \cup I$	SAY	IVU

There are many different ways to say "no" to drug offers. Some of these techniques are:

<u>Technique</u>	Description/Example
Say "No"	"Would you like a cigarette?"
	"No thanks."
Giving a Reason	"Would you like a beer?"
	"No thanks. I don't drink."
Broken Record	Repeat the same phrase over and over.
	"Would you like a cigarette?"
	"No thanks."
	"Come on!"
	"No thanks."
	"Just try it, chicken!"
	"No thanks."
Walk Away	"Would you like to smoke some marijuana?"
	Say "no" and walk away while you say it.
Avoid the Situation	If you see or know of places where people often use drugs, stay away from those places or go another way.
Cold Shoulder	"Hey! How about a beer?"
	Just ignore the person.
Reverse the	Putting the pressure back on the person offering you the drug.
Pressure	"I have some marijuana, let's try it and see how it feels."
	"I thought we were good friends. If you are going to start doing that kind of stuff, you'll have to find someone else to hang around with."
Strength in Numbers	Hang around with non-users, especially where drug use is expected.

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7	-		*	*
			*	
			Name	
			Period	
			Date	
			RESISTING PEER PRESSURE	
<u>St</u>	ude	ent I	instructions:	
Second .			he following situations to your parent. Discuss each one, then write your answer	ers
	*		are at a party and you've decided you don't want to drink any alcohol. Howeveriend offers you a drink.	er,
		a)	How would you say "no" in this situation?	
		b)	What if your friend put a lot of pressure on you to drink?	
	*	it's	are at a party with a group of friends. Many of them have been drinking. When the to leave you realize the driver of the car in which you came had too muchols.	nen h
		a)	How could you stop this person from driving?	***************************************
		b)	How could you say "no" if this person told you everything was fine?	
		c)	What might happen if you said "yes" and allowed your friend to drive you hom	le?
			(over)	***************************************
			7	*
7	_		Project STAR Parent/Student Workbook Part I. Copyright ©1999, 1984 by USC	^

·	` _		*
<u>Pa</u>	ren	it In	structions:
Among .	As	sk yc	our child to describe the techniques to say "no."
2.			the following situations to your child. Discuss each one, then write your answers questions that follow.
	*	You per	e of the most popular people at school has invited you to a party at his/her house I were really flattered that he/she asked you to come. When you get there, the son giving the party comes up to talk to you. While offering you something to nk, he/she hands you a beer.
		a)	How would you say "no" in this situation?
		b)	What would you do if the person continued to offer you the beer?
	*	the	u are given a hall pass from your teacher to go to the restroom. When you get ere, you find several people smoking cigarettes. They start giving you a lot of essure to smoke with them.
		a)	How could you say "no" in this situation?
		b)	What could you do to be assertive or more convincing?
			Parent Signature





APPROPRIATE OR NOT?

Many parents believe that it isn't appropriate for children to drink at all. Other parents believe that children should be permitted to drink, but only limited amounts and only under strict supervision.

In either case, parents can influence their children profoundly by letting them know what is expected of them, and what they think is appropriate for their children.

In this homework activity, APPROPRIATE OR NOT?, a variety of situations that involve alcohol are discussed. The purpose of this discussion is to provide you, the parent, with an apportunity to let your child know what you believe and expect.

Most young people believe that drinking alcohol, in most situations, is inappropriate. By considering $\underline{\text{who}}$ was drinking and $\underline{\text{why}}$ that person was drinking, it becomes clear that almost all alcohol use among youth is inappropriate.

Turn to the homework APPROPRIATE OR NOT? When you and your child finish the exercise, sign it, detach the page, and have your child return it to class.

		*	*
4	(d.		Name
			Period
			Date
1.	APPRO	OPRIATE OR N	NOT?
:tio	ns:		
vie ers	ew your parent, reading . Be sure to include the	each of the following e "why" part of the ans	situations. Write down your parent'. swer.
\$.	Mike is 16 years old ar night. He never has m either.	nd drinks one glass of wore than one glass a do	vine at dinner with his family every ay, but he never has less than that
	Are Mike's actions:	☐ Appropriate?	☐ Inappropriate?
	Why?		
2.	Kathy, a seventh grade really bad, so she deci-		
2.		des to drink a little to	help her feel better.
2.	really bad, so she deci	des to drink a little to Appropriate?	help her feel better. Inappropriate?
2.	really bad, so she decident Are Kathy's actions:	des to drink a little to Appropriate?	help her feel better. Inappropriate?
	really bad, so she decide Are Kathy's actions: Why? Juan is in seventh grad	des to drink a little to Appropriate? de and is at a relative' drink as part of the w	help her feel better. Inappropriate?
	really bad, so she decide Are Kathy's actions: Why? Juan is in seventh grace glass of champagne to	des to drink a little to Appropriate? de and is at a relative' drink as part of the was special occasion.	Inappropriate? s wedding. His cousin gives him a redding toast. Juan drinks the

	<u></u> ★					
4.		_	He has never had a drink. After night, he has decided to party it u			
	Are Derick's actions:	☐ Appropriate?	☐ Inappropriate?			
	Why?					
5.	one day after school. Si themselves to the liquor	nce no parent is hom cabinet and start di	ristine and some other friends ov ne, Christine's friends decide to b rinking. Christine doesn't drink a			
	in fact, she doesn't ever Are Christine's actions:		☐ Inappropriate?			
			• • •			
6.	Before I become an adul	t, will it ever be app	ropriate for me to drink?			
		Agricultur compression construction of the first of the f	Parent Signature			
			The second of th			





TV DRUG ALERT

Adults and entertainers may influence young people to use or not use drugs. We may not even be aware that seeing alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs used on TV or in movies changes the way we think.

For example, if a character in a TV show uses drugs, do we see that character's actions as glamorous and exciting or as dangerous and criminal? The character may be punished when caught or may never get caught; he may get rich from selling drugs or get killed for the same reason. These messages affect both children and adults.

This homework exercise will help make you more aware of drug use on TV, and to think about how this might influence people to use drugs. Turn to the exercise sheet TV DRUG ALERT. Help your child keep track of the times he/she sees entertainers influencing the audience by filling out this worksheet during the next few days. When you and your child finish the exercise, sign it, detach the page, and have your child return it to class.

*		*	*
		*	
		Name	
	TV DRU	IG ALERT	
<u>Directions:</u> Every time you watch TV yo to any drug use that is show the chart.			
*REMEMBER: Alcohol and	tobacco are also o	considered drugs.	
		3	NUMBER OF TIMES CHARACTER USED
NAME OF SHOW	CHANNEL	DRUG USED	THE DRUG
1. Look at the chart of TV shows?	on this worksheet	. What drug did you	ı see used most often on
	(0	ver)	
*			*
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	*
	*
2.	What effects of drug use were shown?
3.	Why do you think TV shows do not always show the negative consequences of druse?
	Parent Signature
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NON-DRINKER INTERVIEW



Parents, other adults, and peers have a great deal of influence on young people. Children tend to model their behavior on what they see these people do. When these role models practice healthy behaviors, children are more likely to adopt good health habits.

However, we sometimes overlook the good examples around us. The homework activity NON-DRINKER INTERVIEW gives your child the opportunity to have a discussion with someone who has made the choice not to drink. It also enables your child to hear a non-drinker's advice about drinking alcohol.

Turn to the homework NON-DRINKER INTERVIEW. When your child finishes the exercise, sign it, detach the page, and have your child return it to class.

* _____ *

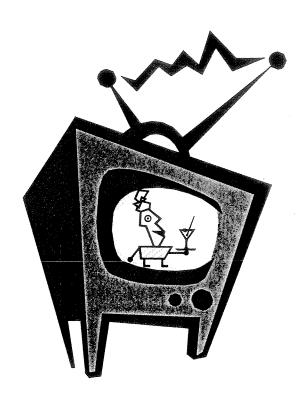
*	* *	*
,	*	
		Name
		Period
		Date
	NON-DRINKER]	INTERVIEW
Fo (If	irections: or homework tonight, interview EITHER an adult if a person only has a few sips of alcohol, such as onsider them a non-drinker.) Ask them the ques aswers in the spaces provided.	is for religious ceremonies, you may
	Did you ever drink alcohol?	□ No
NC	f the person answered YES, ask only the questio O, ask only the questions under Part B on the re	ons under Part A. If the person answered everse side of this worksheet.
<u>Pai</u> 1.	art <u>A</u> Why did you stop drinking?	
2.	Was it a difficult decision not to drink anymor	re? Why/why not?
3.	. Did your friends still want you to drink?	
4.	. How do you feel about your decision not to dri	ink anymore?
5.	. What two things would you consider to be the alcohol?	
		Signature of Non-drinker
4	* 19 <u></u>	

*			*	
art B			*	
. Do you f	ind it difficult t	o stick to that c	decision? Why / why not?	non-manuscriptor de la companya de l
How do	you feel about yo	our decision not	to drink?	
What tw	o things would y	ou consider to b	e the best advice for me about drink	ing

LOOKING AT ADVERTISEMENTS

Tobacco and alcohol companies use advertisements to get people to use their products. Your child is learning about techniques commonly used to promote cigarettes and alcohol and how to critically evaluate the messages presented. On the next page you will find some common advertising techniques. Use this list to complete the homework exercise.

Tonight's homework exercise is to help your child analyze what these ads may be saying. Turn to the homework LOOKING AT ADVERTISEMENTS. When you and your child finish the exercise, sign it, detach the page, and have your child return it to class.



*	★	
		h 1
		Name
		Period
		Date
LOOKING	G AT ADVERTISEM	IENTS , why
Directions:		
Choose <u>one</u> of the follo	wing to study:	
* Alcohol commerci		
* Cigarette ad from	n a magazine	10.
* Alcohol ad from a	magazine	
	ما المام المام المام ما المام ما المام مام	ttach it to this workshoot
NOTE: IT you choose	a magazine ad, cut it out and a	Hach II To This Worksheet.
Answer the followina a	uestions about the ad with you	ır parents:
	,	•
1. What product is the	e ad selling?	
	used in this ad? (Some ads mo	
□ Humor	☐ Catch Phrase	
□ Testimonial	Successful Person	-
☐ Having Fun	□ Sex Appeal	☐ Comparison
3 What is the adtrying	ng to make you think (with wor	eds and pictures)?
J. 141101 13 1110 00 11 7 11		,
4 What short-term co	onsequences of drinking or smo	oking are <u>not</u> said in the ad?
4. What short-term co	onsequences of drinking or smo	oking are <u>not</u> said in the ad?
4. What short-term co	onsequences of drinking or smo	oking are <u>not</u> said in the ad?
4. What short-term co	onsequences of drinking or smo	oking are <u>not</u> said in the ad?
	onsequences of drinking or smo	

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MANAGING STRESSFUL COMMUNICATION

Your child has been learning behaviors that people use to express anger, aggression, and violence. These behaviors may have negative consequences that impact a person's relationships with family, at school or work, and in the community.

Today, we discussed how to identify cues of anger and practiced skills to de-escalate anger. This exercise will help reinforce the skills your child learned in the classroom. The homework provides the opportunity for you to show your child that adults use many of these skills to de-escalate anger on a regular basis in many different situations.

Turn to the exercise sheet MANAGING STRESSFUL COMMUNICATION. When you and your child finish the exercise, sign it, detach the page, and have your child return it to class.

SKILLS TO DE-ESCALATE ANGER

SHOW RESPECT

- * Keep your voice calm.
- * Keep gestures calm.
- ★ Pay attention to the other person's statements.
- ★ Learn to disagree without exploding.

ASK FOR CLARIFICATION

- ★ Ask for clarification. For example, "I'm confused. Could you explain what you just said?" or "I'm trying to understand. Could you give me an example?"
- ★ Speak up early before the anger builds.

ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY

- ★ If you did something, admit it.
- * Apologize if you hurt someone.

TIME OUT

- ★ Take time to sort through the situation.
- ★ Set another time to meet when you have had time to think.
- ★ Get your anger out in a healthy way such as taking a walk.

STRENGTH IN NUMBERS

- ★ If you think a situation may be dangerous, bring friends with you.
- ★ Follow the "buddy" system.

QUIET SHOULDER

- ★ Take a deep breath and count to 10 before speaking.
- ★ Control your own physical reactions.

WALK AWAY

- ★ Tell the other person you need a break to avoid losing control.
- ★ Find a safe way to leave if a situation continues to escalate.

COMPROMISE

- ★ Find a way you both win or have your needs met.
- ★ Listen to each other and find areas of agreement.
- ★ Decide what you both are willing to give.

AVOID THE SITUATION

- ★ If you see or know of places where it might not be safe, stay away from those places or go another way.
- ★ If you need to talk to someone who seems frustrated and angry, ask them if this is a good time to talk or should you come back at another time.



*		*
	Name	
•		
	Date_	
MANAG	ING STRESSFUL COMM	UNICATION
	kills he or she has used to calm a stre tting out of control. List these skills	
1.		·····
2		
3.		
5		
Make a list of what <u>you</u> calm voice.	can do to help communication stay cal	m. For example, speak in a
1.		
2		
3		
4.		
J		
	P	arent Signature
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*	*	 *
	*	

MY RESOURCES

Today your child learned the importance of seeking help and turning to others for help in a dangerous situation. The following exercise will provide your child with a resource list of who she/he can go to for help.

Turn to the exercise sheet MY RESOURCES. When you and your child finish the exercise, keep the sheet in a convenient place for both you and your child (this assignment is not returned to class).

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	*	

MY RESOURCES

Below is a list of people and places you can turn to when you need help. Ask your parent to help you complete this. You may not have all lines completed now. Resources change throughout your life, so resources you do not have now, you may add later.

Emergency Numbers		
Emergency		
Doctor		
Police		primatica harmonistico de la constanción de la c
Parent's Work		nde-source interessure extensive reactions involved the females
Other		
Family Resources and Numbers		
Dad/Step-Dad		
Mom/Step-Mom		
Grandparents		
Brothers/Sisters		MANASE STAGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGOGO
Nearby Relative		
Neighbors		
School Resources		
School name		
School phone		
Teacher		
Counselor/Psychologist		
Nurse		
Principal/Administrator		
<u>.</u>	31	*

*	*
<u>Con</u>	nmunity Resources and Numbers
	Church or Temple
	Community Organization
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